Regional Unified Health Research Agenda

The Philippine National Health Research System, with its goal to enhance health status through research, generates the National Unified Health Research Agenda (NUHRA) as one of its core areas, alongside ethics, utilization, resource mobilization, system monitoring and evaluation, and capacity building. While the NUHRA serves as the country's template for health research and development efforts, the Regional Unified Health Research Agenda (RUHRA) is more relevant to regional problems and gives direction at the regional level.

The RUHRA presents the identified health research priorities. It should guide researchers and funders alike in the development of more relevant health research in the region for the next six years.

Health-related researches conducted in the region since 2012 were focused on clinical research on plant or animal derivatives, evaluations, and determining the incidence rate of a disease. Researches with societal and service impact were also conducted and include knowledge, attitude, and practices (KAP) of resident physicians, human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) testing, health literacy, quality evaluation of drugs, and health insurance coverage, among others.

REGIONAL UNIFIED HEALTH RESEARCH AGENDA 2017-2022



Regional Health Research and Development Consortium XI

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REGION XI DAVAO REGION

National Unified Health Research Agenda 2017-2022

Regional Consultation

The

and RUHRA.

Regional Health Research and Development Consortium (RHRDC) of each region was included in the identification process of health research priorities through the conduct of a consultation. The regional consultation for Region XI was held on 10-11 May 2017 facilitated by the Alliance for Improving Health Outcomes, Inc. The consultation was attended by 28 participants. Their input, together with technical papers and situationers defining the national and regional status of health research, was considered in the formulation of the NUHRA

The research priorities and perceived needs of each representative were raised through small focus group discussions, with participants grouped into three categories: academe, government agencies and nongovernment organizations (NGOs), and health institutions. The three groups came up with suggested research topics which were grouped under 14 general themes. These themes were prioritized using criteria with designated scoring weights established by the stakeholders. The themes were ranked using the following criteria:

- magnitude of the problem at 40%.
- impact or benefit at 30%.
- feasibility at 15%, and
- urgency or timeliness at 15%.















responsiveness of programs



Non-communicable diseases Researches on risk factors leading to non-communicable diseases and

evaluation of programs

Climate change and disaster risk reduction management

Researches on service delivery and food preparations during disasters

Maternal, newborn, child health and nutrition

Researches to address maternal, newborn, child health and nutrition issues

Infectious diseases

Regional Health

Research Priorities

Researches on prevalent infectious diseases, including HIV, dengue, and tuberculosis

Reproductive health

Researches on reproductive health, particularly adolescent practices and gender sensitivity

Nutrition, functional food, and food safety

Researches on nutritional interventions to improve the nutrition status of the

Health economics and



Researches on efficiency, equity, financial risk protection, and

Information and communications technology in health



Researches on technology development for improved health services

Innovation in health technology



Researches on development of technology in hospitals to increase its availability

Traditional/herbal medicines and natural products

Researches on development of medicines from local herbal plants



Environmental health

Researches on the prevention and control of pollution

Behavioral and mental health



Researches on risk factors and effectiveness of interventions for mental health

Health and nutrition in GIDAs



Researches on health utilization and nutrition in geographically isolated and disadvantaged areas



Occupational health

in relation to mining

in the workplace, particularly